

What are the main differences in the Millennium Edition Cepher?

The main differences between the previous edition (*3ER2.1*) and the Millennium Edition (*essentially the 4th Edition*) are highlighted in the product description below. We initially introduced the Millennium Edition in a limited print [Collector's version](#), which is the size of a pulpit bible or coffee table book. Subsequently, we released the Millennium Edition in our standard 7"x10" format, and we'll be releasing a standard format large print (14 point font) version later in 2022.

- Sets forth a transliteration, rather than a substitution, of the names of the Father (Yahuah), Son (Yahusha) and Holy Spirit (Ruach Ha'Qodesh);
- Transliterates over 3,100 other Hebrew names and places;
- **Restores the stand alone Aleph Tav** תא throughout the text; previously omitted in other English translations;
- Includes all of the 81 books previously canonized as the Bible ([see scripture comparison chart](#)), plus another 6 books considered to be inspired and/or historically significant: Chanok (Enoch) & Yovheliym (Jubilees) from the Dead Sea Scrolls, as well as Yashar (Jasher), 4 Ezra, 2 Baruk (Baruch) and Hadacchah (Additions to Esther) - for a total of 87 books under one cover;
- Restores an accurate order to the books as they were originally written;
- Corrects many notorious errors found in virtually all previous English translations, such as Yeshayahu (Isaiah) 14, Zakaryahu (Zechariah) 5, and Mattithyahu (Matthew) 23;
- Restores [Chapters 151-155](#) of Tehilliym (Psalms); and the **Acrostic Psalms 35 and 145, together with the Acrostic format of Qoheleth (Ecclesiastes) are marked with Ivriyt (Hebrew) indicators;**
- Restores the [Missing Fragment of 70 verses](#) in 4 Ezra Chapter 7;
- Restores the 29th chapter of Ma'asiym (The Acts of the Apostles) chronicling Pa'al's (Paul's) journey to Spain and Britain;
- Includes an **improved Paleo Ivriyt index** of the modern and paleo Hebrew alphabet that provides a comparison between Paleo letters and modern Hebrew letters, the inclusion of the sofit letters (finals), an intrinsic meaning guide, **and an all new pronunciation guide;**
- Includes an **expanded chart of all the sacred names** of Elohiym with the Ivriyt (Hebrew) spelling for easy comparison, as well as the common usage, and the Cepher transliteration;
- Includes **improved one-of-a-kind ancient Maps**, such as the four journeys of Pa'al, the migrations of certain houses of Yashar'el into Africa, the migration of the house of Zerach, the migration of the other tribes, the recent discoveries of the Gulf of Aqaba (Red Sea) crossing, and the true placement of Mount Cynai (Sinai) and Mount Chorev (Horeb);
- Provides an comprehensive Family History section for personalization.
- Includes extensive footnotes.

What are the main differences in the 2.1 Revision of the 3rd Edition Cepher (*3ER2.1*)?

- The Ivriyt (Hebrew) word תא now appears in the text without transliteration (*the English word "eth" has been removed to improve readability*).
- The sacred names remain in bold, but with leading caps (*previously all caps*).
- Restoration of key words such as baptism and faith (*previously immersion and belief*).
- The Prayer of Manasseh has been moved to the Second Temple Writings section for a more accurate chronological order (and the custom Index Tabs have been updated to match).
- The chapter numbers are slightly smaller than in previous editions.

What are the main differences in the 2nd Revision of the 3rd Edition Cephher (3ER2)?

- The inclusion of 70 previously missing verses in 4 Ezra (2nd Esdras) Chapter 7.
- The indentation of the prayers in the Tanakh (Old Testament).
- The restoration of the word “Naphaliym” (the offspring of the fallen watchers).

*“There were Naphaliym in the earth in those days; who also gathered afterward, when the sons of **Elohiym** came in unto the daughters of men, and they bore children unto them, the same became warriors and tyrants which were from everlasting, mortal men of the name.”*
Bere’shiyth (Genesis) 6:4

*“And there we saw **לִמְעַתְּ**-the Nephiliym, the sons of Anaq, which come of the Naphaliym: and we were in our own sight as grasshoppers, and so we were in their sight.”*
Bemidbar (Numbers) 13:33

What are the main differences in the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd Edition Cephers?

- The main difference between the 1st and 2nd Edition Cephers was primarily cosmetic, as there were no substantive changes to the text at that point.
- Beginning with the 3rd Edition, the width of the book was reduced from 3 inches to 2 inches, and the weight was reduced from nearly 6 pounds to under 4.5 pounds. These reductions were accomplished by printing on a lighter weight paper.